

# **MARRIAGE ACT**

# PLEASE NOTE

This document, prepared by the *Legislative Counsel Office*, is an office consolidation of this Act, current to September 9, 2024. It is intended for information and reference purposes only.

This document is *not* the official version of the Act. The Act and the amendments as printed under the authority of the King's Printer for the province should be consulted to determine the authoritative statement of the law.

For more information concerning the history of this Act, please see the *Table of Public Acts* on the Prince Edward Island Government web site (<a href="www.princeedwardisland.ca">www.princeedwardisland.ca</a>).

If you find any errors or omissions in this consolidation, please contact:

Legislative Counsel Office Tel: (902) 368-4292

Email: <a href="mailto:legislation@gov.pe.ca">legislation@gov.pe.ca</a>

Marriage Act Table of Contents



# **MARRIAGE ACT**

# **Table of Contents**

Section		Page
1.	Definitions	5
2.	Administration of Act	5
3.	Marriage by	5
4.	Registration of clergy	6
5.	Temporary registration	6
6.	Certificate	6
7.	Governing body	
8.	Publication of registration	
8.1	Marriage commissioner	7
9.	Requirements for solemnization	9
10.	Civil ceremony -form, procedure	9
11.	Compliance with Vital Statistics Act	
11.1	Refusal to solemnize	10
12.	Issuers of marriage licenses	10
13.	Application for marriage license	10
14.	Issuance	
15.	Incorrect statement, further affidavit	11
16.	Proof of termination of previous marriage	11
17.	Age limitation	
18.	Definitions	12
19.	Consent required of	12
20.	Judge of Supreme Court may dispense with consent	
21.	Presumption of death	
22.	Offence	14
23.	Offence	
24.	Offence, false statements	
25.	Regulations	14



# MARRIAGE ACT CHAPTER M-3

#### 1. Definitions

In this Act

- (a) "designated justice of the peace" means a judicial justice of the peace who is designated under the *Justice of the Peace Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. J-6 as a justice of the peace who may solemnize marriages under this Act;
- (a.1) "**Director**" means the Director of Vital Statistics appointed under the *Vital Statistics Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. V-4.1;
- (b) "issuer" means an issuer of marriage licenses appointed under section 12;
- (b.01) **"judge of a superior court"** means a judge appointed to a superior court, as defined in subsection 35(1) of the *Interpretation Act* (Canada), and includes a retired judge of the superior court;
- (b.1) "marriage commissioner" means a person who holds a marriage commissioner's license that is in effect;
- (b.2) "marriage commissioner's license" means a marriage commissioner's license issued under subsection 8.1(1);
- (c) "member of the clergy" means a person who is authorized by a religious body, to which he or she belongs, to solemnize marriages according to its rites and usages;
- (d) "Minister" means Minister of Justice and Public Safety and Attorney General;
- (e) "registered member of the clergy" means a member of the clergy registered under this Act to solemnize marriage;
- (f) "**spouse**" means an individual who, in respect of another person,
  - (i) is married to the other person, or
  - (ii) has entered with the other person into a marriage that is voidable or void. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.2; 1980, c.2, s.3; 1990, c.34, s.1; 1991, c.26, s.1; 2005,c.40,s.19; 2005,c.12,s.1; 2008,c.8,s.18(2); 2010,c.31,s.3; 2015,c.28,s.3; 2021,c.12,s.1; 2018,c.52,s.67.

#### 2. Administration of Act

The Minister shall administer this Act. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.26.

# 3. Marriage by

No person may solemnize a marriage except

- (a) a registered member of the clergy;
- (b) a judge of a superior court or the Provincial Court;
- (c) a designated justice of the peace;

Section 4 Marriage Act

- (d) the Prothonotary; or
- (e) a marriage commissioner. 1975,c.27,s.3; 2005,c.12,s.2; 2008,c.20,s.72(58); 2012,c.26,s.1; 2021,c.12,s.2.

#### 4. Registration of clergy

(1) Subject to this section, the Director may register a member of the clergy as a person authorized to solemnize marriage under this Act if the member's name is provided to the Director by the governing authority of the religious body to which the member belongs.

# Religious body, requirements for

(2) No member of the clergy shall be registered under subsection (1) unless, in the opinion of the Director, the religious body to which the member belongs is sufficiently well established, both as to continuity of existence and as to rites and usages respecting the solemnization of marriage, to warrant the registration of its members under this Act.

# **Qualification of clergy**

- (3) No member of the clergy shall be registered under subsection (1) unless it appears to the Director that
  - (a) the member is 18 years of age or over;
  - (b) the member is resident in the province; and
  - the member has been ordained or appointed according to the rites and usages of the religious body to which the member belongs or is, by the rules of that religious body, deemed ordained or appointed. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.4; 2016,c.14,s.1; 2021,c.12,s.3.

### 5. Temporary registration

- (1) Notwithstanding subsection 4(3), the Director may grant temporary registration to a member of the clergy who
  - (a) is not a resident of the province; and
  - (b) meets the requirements described in clauses 4(3)(a) and (c).

# **Authorized specified period**

(2) A member of the clergy who is temporarily registered under subsection (1) is authorized to solemnize marriage during the period fixed by the Director and stated on the member's certificate of registration. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, Cap. M-5, s.5; 2021, c.12, s.4.

### 6. Certificate

(1) The Director shall issue a certificate of registration to each registered member of the clergy.

#### Clergy, list of members

- (2) The Director shall keep a record showing
  - (a) the name of each registered member of the clergy;
  - (b) the name of the religious body to which the member belongs;
  - (c) the date of registration; and
  - (d) the registration number. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.6.

# 7. Governing body

- (1) The governing authority of every religious body
  - (a) shall notify the Director when one of its registered members of the clergy dies or ceases to reside in the province or in any other way ceases to possess the qualifications entitling the member to be registered; and
  - (b) shall send to the Director at least once every year or oftener as required by the Director, a list of all the members of the clergy in the province of that religious body.

#### **Cancellation of registration**

(2) Where it appears to the Director that any registered member of the clergy has ceased to possess the qualifications entitling the member to be registered, the Director may cancel the registration. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.7.

#### 8. Publication of registration

- (1) Where
  - (a) a member of the clergy is authorized and registered under this Act to solemnize marriage; or
  - (b) the authority and registration under this Act to solemnize marriage is cancelled,

the Director shall publish notice of the registration or cancellation, as the case may be, in the Gazette.

#### **Publication as evidence**

- (2) In a prosecution for an offence under an enactment or in any civil action, the following may be proved by a notice published in the Gazette purporting to be by the Director, without further proof:
  - (a) the registration, authority and qualifications of the named member of the clergy to solemnize marriage;
  - (b) the cancellation of the registration and revocation of authority of the named member of the clergy to solemnize marriage.

# Publication of notice of registration, effect

(3) Repealed by 2021,c.12,s.5. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.8; 2021,c.12,s.5.

#### 8.1 Marriage commissioner

- (1) The Director may, on application, issue a marriage commissioner's license to any person authorizing that person to act as a marriage commissioner for the province, if
  - (a) the application is submitted to the Director in the form, and containing the information, required by the Director;
  - (b) the person pays the fees required by the regulations; and
  - (c) the Director is satisfied that the person
    - (i) is 18 years of age or over, and
    - (ii) meets any other qualifications or requirements established by the regulations.

# Director may refuse issuance of license

(1.1) The Director may refuse to issue a marriage commissioner's license under subsection (1) to a person in any of the following circumstances:

Section 8 Marriage Act

- (a) the Director is not satisfied that the requirements in subsection (1) have been met;
- (b) the Director has reasonable grounds to believe that the person knowingly made a false statement in the application;
- (c) the Director has reasonable grounds to believe that, in the geographic area where the person would act as a marriage commissioner, there is a sufficient number of marriage commissioners to meet or exceed the demand for solemnization of marriage.

#### Term of license

(2) A marriage commissioner's license shall specify the date on which it commences to have effect.

#### Idem

(2.1) A marriage commissioner's license expires on March 31.

#### **Transitional**

(2.2) Repealed by 2021,c.12,s.6(2).

#### Marriage commissioner renewal of license

(3) A marriage commissioner may, prior to the expiry of the marriage commissioner's license, apply to the Director for renewal of the license.

#### Renewal of license

- (3.1) The Director shall renew a marriage commissioner's license upon receiving an application under subsection (3) and the prescribed fee unless,
  - (a) the marriage commissioner has not solemnized a marriage in the two years immediately preceding the date of the application under subsection (3); or
  - (b) in the opinion of the Director, the marriage commissioner has failed to comply with a provision of this Act or the regulations.

#### Lapse

(4) A person who fails to renew the person's marriage commissioner's license on or before the date of its expiry, ceases, upon the expiry of the marriage commissioner's license, to be entitled to solemnize a marriage under this Act.

# Reapplication

(5) A person whose marriage commissioner's license has expired may apply under subsection (1) for a new marriage commissioner's license.

#### Cancellation

- (6) The Director may, at any time, cancel a marriage commissioner's license where the Director is satisfied that
  - (a) the marriage commissioner has failed to comply with a provision of this Act or the regulations; or
  - (b) the cancellation is otherwise in the public interest.

# Fee

(7) A marriage commissioner who solemnizes a ceremony of marriage is entitled to receive from the parties to the marriage any fee for services as may be agreed upon by the marriage commissioner and the parties to the marriage. 2005,c.12,s.3; 2016,c.14,s.2; 2021,c.12,s.6.

# 9. Requirements for solemnization

(1) No registered member of the clergy, justice or marriage commissioner shall solemnize a marriage except

- (a) under the authority of a marriage license issued to the parties pursuant to this Act for the solemnization of the marriage by the member, justice or marriage commissioner;
- (b) within three months after the date of issuance of the marriage license; and
- (c) in the presence of the parties and at least two credible adult witnesses.

#### Interpreter required, where

(2) No registered member of the clergy, justice or marriage commissioner shall solemnize a marriage where one or both of the parties do not understand the language in which the marriage ceremony is to be performed unless an interpreter is present to interpret and explain clearly to the party or parties the meaning of the ceremony.

#### **Justice**

- (3) In this section and section 10, "justice" means
  - (a) a judge of a superior court or the Provincial Court;
  - (b) a designated justice of the peace; and
  - (c) the Prothonotary. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.9; 1975,c.27,s.3; 2005,c.12,s.4; 2008,c.20,s.72(58); 2012,c.26,s.2; 2016,c.14,s.3; 2021,c.12,s.7.

# 10. Civil ceremony -form, procedure

- (1) No particular form of ceremony is required in the solemnization of a marriage by a justice or a marriage commissioner except that
  - (a) in some part of the ceremony, in the presence of the justice or the marriage commissioner who is solemnizing the marriage and the witnesses,
    - (i) each of the parties shall declare: "I do solemnly declare that I do not know of any lawful impediment why I,..., (full name of party), may not be joined in matrimony to ......(full name of other party).", and
    - (ii) each of the parties shall say to the other: "I call on those persons present to witness that I, ............., (full name of party) do take you, ......, (full name of other party) to be my lawful wedded "husband", "wife" or "spouse" (as the parties may prefer)."; and
  - (b) after the declarations and statements required by clause (a) have been made, the justice or the marriage commissioner solemnizing the marriage shall say: "I, ......, (full name of the justice or the marriage commissioner), by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Marriage Act, do hereby pronounce you ......\_ (full name of party) and ....... (full name of other party) to be "husband and wife", "married" or "married spouses" (as the parities may prefer)."

# Religious ceremony after civil ceremony

(2) Where the parties to a marriage solemnized by a justice or a marriage commissioner desire a religious ceremony in addition to the civil ceremony conducted by the justice or marriage commissioner, a certificate of solemnization of marriage given by the justice or marriage commissioner is sufficient authority for a member of the clergy to perform the religious ceremony.

Section 11 Marriage Act

#### Effect

(3) A religious ceremony performed as mentioned in subsection (2) is in addition to and does not supersede the solemnization of the marriage by the justice or marriage commissioner and this Act does not apply to such a religious ceremony, nor shall it be registered under the *Vital Statistics Act* as a marriage. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, *Cap. M-5*, *s.10*; 1975, *c.27*, *s.3*; 2005, *c.12*, *s.5*.

#### 11. Compliance with *Vital Statistics Act*

Immediately after the solemnization of a marriage, the person who solemnized the marriage shall comply with the requirements and provisions of the *Vital Statistics Act* respecting the registration of the marriage. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, *Cap. M-5, s.11;* 2005,*c.12,s.6;* 2016,*c.14,s.4.* 

#### 11.1 Refusal to solemnize

For greater certainty, a person who is authorized to solemnize a marriage under this Act may refuse to solemnize a marriage that is not in accordance with that person's religious beliefs. 2005, c. 12. s. 7.

#### 12. Issuers of marriage licenses

(1) The Director may appoint issuers of marriage licenses.

#### Deputy issuer, powers

(2) Repealed by 2016, c. 14, s. 5(2).

#### Idem

(3) An issuer is, by virtue of the issuer's office, a commissioner empowered to administer oaths and may take and receive the affidavits, declarations or affirmations required under this Act and the regulations.

#### Limitation of action

(4) No action lies against an issuer of marriage licenses for any act done or performed by the issuer in pursuance of the provisions of this Act or the regulations. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, Cap. M-5, s.12; 2016,c.14,s.5.

# 13. Application for marriage license

An application for a marriage license shall be made by both parties to an intended marriage and subject to the provisions

- (a) of sections 14 to 21; and
- (b) of any other law in force in the province,

the issuer to whom the application is made shall issue the license applied for. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, *Cap. M-5*, *s.13*.

# 14. Issuance

- (1) An issuer shall not issue a marriage license until
  - (a) the prescribed license fee is paid to the issuer;
  - (b) repealed by 1993, c.16, s.1;
  - (c) each of the applicants for the license delivers to the issuer

- (i) an affidavit of particulars in the form approved by the Director,
- (ii) repealed by 2005, c.12, s.8, and
- (iii) either
  - (A) a birth certificate of the applicant issued by the proper authority of the place where the applicant was born, or
  - (B) a valid and subsisting passport of the applicant issued by the proper authority of the applicant's country of residence, and
- (iv) one additional form of identification that bears the applicant's signature.

# Affidavit to be sworn before issuer; exceptions

(2) The affidavit referred to in subsection (1) shall be sworn to by the applicant before the issuer, except that where either of the applicants is unable to swear to the affidavit before the issuer, the issuer may permit the affidavit to be made before a commissioner for taking affidavits or a notary public, in which case the affidavit shall state the reason relied upon to excuse personal attendance before the issuer. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, Cap. M-5, s.14; 1993,c.16,s.1; 2005,c.12,s.8; 2016,c.14,s.6; 2021,c.12,s.8.

#### 15. Incorrect statement, further affidavit

(1) If an issuer has reason to suspect that any statement in an affidavit for a marriage license is not correct, the issuer may require a further affidavit or affidavits, or other evidence of the truth of the statement, and all the affidavits and a minute of the evidence shall be forwarded to the Director.

# Investigation

- (2) An issuer
  - (a) may require the production of witnesses to identify any applicant for a license; and
  - (b) may examine under oath or otherwise the applicant or other witnesses as to any matter pertaining to the issue of the license. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, *Cap. M-5, s.* 15; 2021, c. 12, s. 9.

#### 16. Proof of termination of previous marriage

- (1) Where an applicant has been previously married, an issuer shall not issue a license unless the applicant provides
  - (a) an original divorce certificate or decree absolute or an order of a court declaring the marriage a nullity, or an original document issued by a government or court in the jurisdiction where the applicant was previously married that states that the marriage has been dissolved by divorce or declared a nullity; or
  - (b) with respect to the applicant's previous spouse, either
    - (i) a certificate of death issued under the *Vital Statistics Act*, or the equivalent legislation in the jurisdiction where the applicant was previously married, or
    - (ii) an order of a court of competent jurisdiction that declares the applicant's previous spouse to be dead.

#### Costs of translation

Where a document required to be provided to an issuer by an applicant for the purposes of this section is in a language other than English or French, the applicant shall, at the applicant's expense, provide a certified translation for the use of the issuer. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, Cap. M-5, s.16; 1993,c.16,s.2; 2016,c.14,s.7.

Section 17 Marriage Act

# 17. Age limitation

- (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act except subsection (2), no person shall
  - (a) issue a marriage license to; or
  - (b) solemnize the marriage of

any person under the full age of 16 years.

# Application of subsection (1)

(2) Repealed by 2016, c.14, s.8. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.17; 2016, c.14, s.8; 2021, c.12, s.10.

#### 18. Definitions

- (1) In this section and in sections 19 and 20
  - (a) "applicant" means a person under 18 years of age who has applied for a marriage license; and
  - (b) "consent" means consent to the marriage of the applicant.

#### Consent before issuance

(2) An issuer shall not issue a marriage license to an applicant until, with respect to that applicant, there is deposited with the issuer every consent, if any, that is required or may be given under section 19, or an order under section 20 dispensing with the consent.

# Consent required, notification of interested persons

- (3) In a case to which subsection (2) applies, the issuer shall send, by mail, a notice to all persons who may give the required consent stating that a marriage license has been applied for, the name and address of each of the applicants and the requirements of this Act with respect to consent, unless
  - (a) every consent required to be given or an order dispensing with any such consent, has been deposited with the issuer; or
  - (b) other arrangements, satisfactory to the issuer, are made to obtain the required consent.

#### Form of documents, defects

(4) The Director, in the Director's discretion, may authorize an issuer to accept and act upon any document that does not comply with the requirements of the regulations with respect to the form and content of the consent, but which, in the circumstances, shows to the satisfaction of the Director that consent to the marriage is given. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, Cap. M-5, s.18; 2016,c.14,s.9; 2021,c.12,s.11.

# 19. Consent required of

(1) The persons whose consents are required are the parents of the applicants.

### Consent, special cases

- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1)
  - (a) where the parents of an applicant are divorced or separated under a decree of judicial separation or separation agreement, the consent may be given by the parent or other person who has legal custody of the applicant;
  - (b) where one of the parents of an applicant is dead, or mentally incompetent, the consent may be given by the other parent;

(c) where both parents of an applicant are dead or mentally incompetent, the consent may be given by

- (i) a lawfully appointed guardian, or
- (ii) an acknowledged guardian who brought up or who for three years immediately preceding the application for a license has supported the applicant; or,
- (d) where the applicant is in the permanent custody and guardianship of the Director of Child Protection under the *Child, Youth and Family Services Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. C-6.01, the consent may be given by the Director of Child Protection and no other consents are required in respect of that applicant; or
- (e) where both the parents of an applicant are dead or mentally incompetent and there is no guardian of the applicant, the consent of a judge of the Supreme Court may be given in respect of that applicant.

#### **Proof of facts**

(3) The exemptions set out in subsection (2) only apply with respect to an applicant who deposits with the issuer such proof of the facts as the issuer may require. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.19; 1975, c.27, s.3; 1981, c.12, s.53; 2000(2nd), c.3, s.62; 2010, c.28, s,40; 2023, c.17, s.77.

#### 20. Judge of Supreme Court may dispense with consent

(1) Subject to subsection (2), an applicant who is unable to obtain the consent of a parent or guardian required under section 19, may, upon notice to the parent or guardian, apply to a judge of the Supreme Court, and the judge may in the judge's discretion grant an order dispensing with the consent.

#### **Prohibition**

(2) No order shall be made under this section in respect of an applicant under the age of 16 years. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, *Cap. M-5*, *s.*20; 1975,*c.*27,*s.*3; 2016,*c.*14,*s.*10.; 2021,*c.*12,*s.*12

#### 21. Presumption of death

- (1) A married person whose spouse is missing and who alleges
  - (a) that his or her spouse has been continuously absent for at least seven years immediately preceding the application;
  - (b) that his or her spouse has not been heard from or heard of during such period by the applicant or to the knowledge of the applicant by any other person; and
  - (c) that the applicant has made reasonable inquiries and has no reason to believe that his or her spouse is living,

may apply to a judge of the Supreme Court for an order under this section.

#### **Order declaring**

(2) Upon being satisfied as to the truth of the matters alleged, the judge may, in the judge's discretion make an order declaring that the spouse shall be presumed dead.

#### Order to be deposited with application

(3) Where an order has been obtained under this section, the person in whose favour the order was made may subject to this Act, obtain a license upon depositing a copy of the order with the person issuing the license together with the affidavit in the form approved by the Director.

Section 22 Marriage Act

#### Effect of order

(4) Except for the purposes of subsection (3) the order has no effect. *R.S.P.E.I.* 1974, *Cap. M-5*, *s.21*; 2008, *c.8*, *s.* 18(3); 2016, *c.* 14, *s.* 11; 2021, *c.* 12, *s.* 13.

#### 22. Offence

Every person who

- (a) issues a marriage license; or
- (b) solemnizes a marriage,

contrary to this Act is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of not more than \$100. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.22; 1994,c.58,s.6.

#### 23. Offence

Every person who

- (a) issues a license; or
- (b) solemnizes a marriage,

knowing or having reason to believe that either of the parties to the intended marriage or to the marriage is mentally incompetent, is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of not more than \$500. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.23; 1994,c.58,s.6.

### 24. Offence, false statements

Every person who knowingly makes any false statement in any document required under this Act, for which the person is not otherwise punishable on conviction, is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of not more than \$100. R.S.P.E.I. 1974, Cap. M-5, s.24; 1994,c.58,s.6; 2016,c.14,s.12.

#### 25. Regulations

The Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations

- (a) prescribing the fees to be paid for marriage licenses;
- (a.1) respecting the necessary qualifications, training and other requirements for applicants for a marriage commissioner's license, and establishing the fees to be paid by an applicant for the required training;
- (a.2) respecting the fees payable in respect of an application for or the issuance or renewal of a marriage commissioner's license;
- (b) repealed by 2021,c.12,s.14(a);
- (c) prescribing the duties of, the procedures to be followed by, and the fees payable to issuers of marriage licenses;
- (c.1) prescribing circumstances under which the Director may waive or modify a fee;

- (c.2) respecting the manner in which the Director may charge an additional fee to comply with a person's request for rush service or to provide a special service involving extra costs:
- respecting any matter the Lieutenant Governor in Council considers necessary and advisable to carry out effectively the intent and purposes of this Act. *R.S.P.E.I.1974,Cap. M-5 s.25*; 2005, *c.12*, *s.9*; 2016, *c.14*, *s.13*; 2021, *c.12*, *s.14*.