## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON REMEDIATION REGULATIONS

Pursuant to section 25 of the Environmental Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9, Council made the following regulations:

## 1. In these regulations

Definitions

(a) "acceptable concentration level" means a concentration level of acceptable petroleum hydrocarbons in an environmental media that is equal to concentration level or less than the applicable concentration level for the same petroleum hydrocarbons as shown in the lookup tables;

- (b) "Act" means the Environmental Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Act Cap. E-9;
- (c) "Atlantic PIRI Committee" means the Atlantic Partnership in Atlantic PIRI RBCA Implementation Committee that oversees the implementation Committee of the RBCA process in Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Newfoundland and Labrador;

(d) "environmental media" means soil, sediments, surface water, environmental groundwater, air, animals and plants;

(e) "environmental site assessment" means a systematic process, as environmental site outlined in the RBCA User Guidance document, by which a site assessment professional may characterize or delineate the concentrations or quantities of petroleum hydrocarbons in an environmental media and compare those concentrations and quantities with the acceptable concentration levels set out in the lookup tables;

(f) "limited remedial action" means limited remediation of soil limited remedial impacts of petroleum hydrocarbons in environmental media at a site as outlined in Schedule B under the direction of a site professional or a Department employee, by repairing, restoring or remediating the

(g) "lookup table" means a Tier I or Tier II lookup table as set out in lookup table Schedule A:

(h) "non-aqueous phase liquids" means undissolved petroleum non-aqueous phase hydrocarbons that float at the top of an aquifer;

(i) "petroleum hydrocarbons" means a mixture of hydrocarbons, petroleum with or without additives, that is used or can be used as a combustible fuel for an internal combustion engine or for heating purposes, including

- (i) gasoline, diesel, heating and airplane fuel, and
- (ii) lubricants, such as used engine oil;
- (j) "record of site condition" means a record of site condition as record of site shown on the form set out in Schedule C completed under subsection condition 5(2), 8(1) or 12(1);

(k) "responsible party" means

responsible party

- (i) the owner of a storage tank system,
- (ii) the person with the care and control of a storage tank system,
- (iii) the owner of the site on which a storage tank system is, or was, located, or
- (iv) a person acting on behalf of any person described in subclauses (i) to (iii);

(l) "retail outlet" means a service station, bulk storage or key lock retail outlet facility, or other place where petroleum hydrocarbons are sold or kept for sale;

(m) "RBCA User Guidance document" means the RBCA Toolkit RBCA Version 2 User Guidance document prepared by the Atlantic PIRI Committee, as amended from time to time:

(n) "risk based corrective action" or "RBCA" means Risk-Based risk based Corrective Action using a process that originated with the American Society for Testing and Materials, as modified by the Atlantic PIRI Committee and endorsed by the Department responsible for the environment in each of the Atlantic Provinces;

(o) "site professional" means a person who is licensed to practice site professional engineering in the Province of Prince Edward Island or who is licensed to practice geoscience in another jurisdiction in Canada by a professional licensing body governed by statute in the licensing iurisdiction:

(p) "site specific target levels" means the target levels specific to a site specific target site, for the acceptable concentration levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in an environmental media, that are calculated using the RBCA Version 2 risk assessment model, where site specific information or points of exposure were used in the model run;

(q) "source site" means a site on which or in which petroleum source site hydrocarbons originated in environmental media;

(r) "storage tank" means a structure, or any part of a structure, that is storage tank used, or designed to be used, for the underground or aboveground storage of liquid petroleum hydrocarbons;

(s) "storage tank system" means one or more storage tanks together storage tank system with all connecting piping, both aboveground and underground, including pumps and product transfer apparatus, dyking, and associated spill containment and collection apparatus to a storage tank above the ground surface and any storage tank under the ground

(t) "third party" means a person who owns property affected by third party petroleum hydrocarbons originating from a source site;

(u) "voluntary remediation agreement" means an agreement made voluntary under subsection 13(1) between a responsible party and the Minister remediation to complete a remedial action plan accepted by the Minister.

2. (1) These regulations apply to sites where petroleum hydrocarbons are Application present in the environmental media in excess of the acceptable concentration levels shown in the lookup tables.

(2) The lookup tables in Schedule A indicate the acceptable  $_{\rm Lookup\ tables}$  concentration levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil or groundwater.

3. (1) Where a site professional conducts an environmental assessment Notify Minister of for a responsible party,

- (a) the site professional shall report his or her findings to the responsible party as soon as possible after completing the site assessment; and
- (b) the responsible party shall notify the Minister as soon as possible after receiving the report of the findings of the site professional if any of the following findings are reported by the site professional:
  - (i) the petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations at the site are in excess of the applicable acceptable concentration levels;
  - (ii) the methyl tertiary-butyl ether concentrations at the site are equal to or greater than 15 parts per billion in groundwater.
- (2) Where a responsible party is required to give notice to the Minister Notice to third under clause (1)(b), the responsible party shall give written notice of the findings referred to in clause (1)(b) to all parties that have property that may be affected by the petroleum hydrocarbons in the environmental media of the source site, within three business days of the notice given to the Minister.

**4.** (1) Subject to subsection (5), where the Minister (a) receives a notice under clause 3(1)(b); or

Preliminary determination (b) has reason to believe that there may be petroleum hydrocarbons in the environmental media at a site,

the Minister shall make a preliminary determination as to whether limited remedial action is appropriate or not to repair, restore and remedy the site

(2) Where the Minister makes a preliminary determination under Reasons for subsection (1) that limited remedial action is or is not appropriate for the remediation of a site, the Minister shall provide the responsible party with notice of his or her preliminary determination together with reasons for the determination.

(3) Where the responsible party for a site receives a notice from the Preliminary Minister that the Minister has made a preliminary determination under determination subsection (1) that limited remedial action is not appropriate for the remediation of the site, the responsible party shall cause an environmental site assessment of the site to be made within the time specified by the Minister.

- (4) Where the responsible party for a site receives a notice that the Idem Minister has made a preliminary determination under subsection (1) that limited remedial action is appropriate for the remediation of the site, the responsible party shall
  - (a) cause an environmental site assessment of the site to be made in accordance with section 7 to determine the scope of the remedial action that is necessary; or
  - (b) use limited remedial action at the site in compliance with the procedures set out in Schedule B.
- (5) No person shall use limited remedial action at a site where any of Exception the following conditions are present at the site:

(a) the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons is associated with the failure of a petroleum storage tank system at a retail outlet;

- (b) there are multiple sources of petroleum hydrocarbons at the site;
- (c) it is evident that the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons has had an impact on the groundwater at the site;
- (d) measures other than short-term emergency action or excavation are required to address petroleum hydrocarbon vapours within a building:
- (e) non-petroleum hydrocarbons are found at the site, in addition to petroleum hydrocarbons;
- (f) the site characteristics and possible exposure scenarios are incompatible with the RBCA default values set out in the RBCA User Guidance document for the current and reasonably foreseeable future site activities.
- 5. (1) Where limited remedial action at a site is completed pursuant to Compare soil clause 4(4)(b), the site professional shall compare soil samples taken samples after from the site with

- (a) the site specific target levels; or
- (b) the lookup tables, where there are no site specific target levels, as determined in accordance with the reference documentation set out in Schedule B.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), after completion of limited remedial Closure report action at a site, the site professional shall submit a closure report and a record of site condition to the Minister where the site professional finds

- (a) the maximum petroleum hydrocarbon levels at the site are equal to or less than
  - (i) the acceptable concentration levels set out in the lookup tables,
  - (ii) the site specific target levels; and
- (b) none of the conditions referred to in subsection 4(5) are present at the site.
- (3) A site professional may not submit a closure report under No closure report subsection (2) if any of the following conditions are present at the site:
  - (a) the soils contain liquid or free petroleum hydrocarbons;
  - (b) the surface soils are stained;
  - (c) residual petroleum hydrocarbons are present in the soil at concentrations that cause objectionable odours or cause explosive conditions with indoor or outdoor air;

- (d) petroleum hydrocarbons in bedrock are present at the site and the site is determined to have a potable water well by using the reference documentation set out in Schedule B:
- (e) any of the conditions referred to in subsection 4(5).
- (4) The Minister shall review the documents received under subsection Acceptance, (2) within four weeks of receiving them and by a written notice to the rejection of responsible party to indicate that the Minister

- (a) accepts the documents submitted pursuant to subsection (2); or
- (b) rejects the documents submitted pursuant to subsection (2) if
  - (i) the report indicates that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil samples exceed the acceptable concentration levels in the lookup tables or the site specific target levels, or
  - (ii) in the Minister's opinion, the remediation procedure or the soil samples comparison procedure was deficient.
- (5) A responsible party who receives a written notice under clause Further remedial (4)(b) shall, as directed by the Minister,

- (a) resume limited remedial action within the time frame specified by the Minister:
- (b) resume limited remedial action until the Minister is satisfied that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons are equal to or less than the acceptable concentration levels of the lookup tables or the site specific target levels; or
- (c) complete an environmental site assessment in accordance with section 7.
- **6.** The Minister may, at any time,

(a) cause soil samples to be taken from any site on which limited remedial action has been taken, for the purpose of comparing the samples with the lookup tables or with the site specific target levels; and

Minister may cause soil samples to be

- (b) cause a closure report to be completed respecting the site from which soil samples were taken under clause (a).
- 7. Every site professional shall, when carrying out an environmental site Environmental site assessment.

- (a) perform the environmental site assessment in accordance with current RBCA User Guidance document:
- (b) compare the site conditions with the applicable cleanup criteria as described in Schedule D to
  - (i) demonstrate whether the groundwater quality is potable or non-
  - (ii) determine the extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in both soil and groundwater by comparison to the applicable acceptable concentration levels: and
- (c) compare soil samples and groundwater samples from the site with the lookup tables or the site specific target levels in accordance with the reference documentation set out in Schedule D.
- 8. (1) Subject to subsection (2), as soon as possible after completing an Closure report, environmental site assessment, a site professional shall submit a closure record of site report and a record of site condition to the Minister if a comparison performed pursuant to clause 7(b) indicates

condition

- (a) that the maximum levels of petroleum hydrocarbons from the soil or groundwater samples are equal to or less than
- (i) the site specific target levels, or
  - (ii) the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables where there are no site specific target levels; and
- (b) that none of the conditions referred to in subsection (2) are present at the site.
- (2) A site professional shall not submit a closure report under Conditions subsection (1) if any of the following conditions of the site are present:

(a) any of the conditions described in clauses 5(3)(a), (b) or (c);

- (b) the site characteristics and possible exposure scenarios are incompatible with the RBCA default values set out in the RBCA User Guidance document for the current and reasonably foreseeable future site activities.
- precluding closure
- (3) The Minister shall review the documents received under subsection Minister's notice (1) within four weeks of receiving them and by a written notice to the responsible party indicate that the Minister
  - (a) accepts the documents submitted pursuant to subsection (2); or
  - (b) rejects the documents submitted pursuant to subsection (2) if

- (i) the report indicates that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil samples exceed the acceptable concentration levels in the lookup tables or the site specific target levels, or
- (ii) in the Minister's opinion, the remediation procedure or the soil samples comparison procedure was deficient.

### **9.** (1) Where

- (a) a responsible party has received the findings of a site professional plan who has conducted an environmental site assessment for the responsible party in accordance with section 7; and
- (b) the findings indicate that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons from the soil or groundwater samples are greater than
  - (i) the site specific target levels, or
  - (ii) the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables where there are no site specific target levels,

the responsible party shall, within 60 days of receiving the findings, submit a remedial action plan to the Minister respecting the petroleum hydrocarbons identified in the environmental site assessment.

(2) A remedial action plan submitted under subsection (1) shall include Contents of

(a) a description of the remedial or site management action to be remedial action plan taken;

(b) a summary of the rationale used to develop remedial or site management actions;

- (c) a description of the monitoring plan for the site;
- (d) a schedule of milestones to be reached under the proposed remedial action plan; and
- (e) a target completion date.
- (3) The Minister may, in respect of a remedial action plan submitted Acceptance or under subsection (1) or 10(2)

(a) accept the plan if the Minister is satisfied with the descriptions. summary, schedule and target completion date of the remedial action plan: or

(b) reject the remedial action plan if

- (i) the Minister disagrees with any part of the remedial action plan, or
- (ii) the Minister believes that the remedial action plan as submitted would not achieve satisfactory remediation of the site.
- (4) The Minister, within four weeks of receiving the documents Written notice required to be submitted under subsection (2), (5) or 10(2), shall provide a written notice to the responsible party indicating that the Minister
  - (a) accepts the remedial action plan or modified remedial action plan, as the case may be, for the site; or
  - (b) rejects the remedial action plan as submitted and requires the responsible party to modify the remedial action plan as set out in the
- (5) A responsible party that receives a notice under clause (4)(b) shall, Modified remedial within 30 days of receipt of the notice, submit a modified remedial action action plan plan to the Minister.

(6) The Minister may, in accepting a remedial action plan submitted Conditions under subsection (3) or a modified remedial action plan submitted under subsection (5), place such conditions on the plan as the Minister considers necessary, including

- (a) halting the cleanup under such circumstances as may be specified; or
- (b) requiring the mitigation of any adverse consequences of remedial or cleanup action at the site.
- (7) The Minister, upon the written request of the responsible party, Extend target may extend the target completion date as accepted in the remedial action completion date plan or modified remedial action plan if the Minister is satisfied that there is a good reason for the extension.
- (8) No person shall implement a remedial action plan without the No implementation Minister's prior acceptance of that plan except as provided in subsection without acceptance

10. (1) A responsible party shall implement a remedial action plan Implementation accepted by the Minister under subsections 9(4) or (5), as set out in the

Remedial action

rejection of remedial action plan

If remedial work not effective

- (a) a responsible party has received the findings of a site professional who has conducted an environmental site assessment for the responsible party in accordance with section 7; and
- (b) the findings indicate that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons from the soil or groundwater samples are greater than
  - (i) the site specific target levels, or
  - (ii) the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables where there are no site specific target levels,

the responsible party shall, within 60 days of receiving the findings, submit a remedial action plan to the Minister respecting the petroleum hydrocarbons identified in the environmental site assessment.

- (3) A responsible party may begin the cleanup of soil and groundwater Beginning cleanup before a remedial action plan is accepted by the Minister if the of soil and responsible party
  - (a) is of the opinion that immediate action is required to prevent further injury to the environment;
  - (b) notifies the Minister of the intention to begin cleanup;
  - (c) incorporates the cleanup measures in the remedial action plan to be submitted to the Minister for acceptance; and
  - (d) obtains any necessary authorization from the Minister prior to discharging any waste to the environment.
- 11. Where a responsible party has completed an accepted remedial action Monitor plan for a site, the Minister may direct the responsible party to monitor effectiveness of the soil, vapours, groundwater, or surface water at the site for the purpose of verifying the effectiveness of the remedial action taken in accordance with the accepted remedial action plan.

groundwater

12. (1) Upon the completion of a remedial action plan, the site Completion of professional supervising the remedial action plan shall submit a closure remedial actions report and a record of site condition under the circumstances described in subsection 8(1).

(2) The Minister, within four weeks of receiving a closure report and Minister's notice record of site condition under subsection (1), shall provide a written notice to the responsible party

- (a) indicating that the Minister accepts the closure report and record of site condition; or
- (b) indicating
  - (i) that the Minister is not satisfied that the site has been remediated, if
    - (A) the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil and groundwater samples exceed the acceptable concentration levels of the lookup tables or the site specific target levels, or
    - (B) in the Minister's opinion the remediation procedure or comparison of soil and groundwater samples was deficient, and
  - (ii) the manner in which the site is to be dealt with under subsection (3).
- (3) A responsible party who receives a written notice under clause Further remedial (2)(b) shall, as directed by the Minister and in accordance with the activity regulations.

- (a) resume remedial action at the site until the Minister is satisfied that the levels of petroleum hydrocarbons are equal to or less than the acceptable concentration levels or the site specific target levels;
- (b) cause an environmental site assessment to be completed by a site professional in accordance with section 7 within the time specified by the Minister.
- 13. (1) The Minister may, on the application of a responsible party, enter voluntary into a voluntary remediation agreement with the responsible party respecting a site for the purpose of addressing and remediating petroleum hydrocarbon impacts in the environmental media related to the site.

(2) An application for a voluntary remediation agreement under subsection (1) shall be in Form 1 of Schedule E.

Application in

Form of agreement

- (3) A voluntary remediation agreement shall
  - (a) be in Form 2 of Schedule E; and
  - (b) contain a remedial action plan accepted by the Minister.
- (4) The Minister may enter into a voluntary remediation agreement May be multiple with multiple responsible parties if one of the responsible parties is applicants designated to serve as the contact person for the Minister.

(5) The Minister may enter into a voluntary remediation agreement on (a) an individual site basis, or

May be individual or multiple sites

- (b) a multiple site basis where the responsible party is the same on the multiple sites and the remediation strategies and timelines are common to the multiple sites.
- (6) The Minister may reject a voluntary remediation agreement Rejection of application submitted pursuant to subsection (2) where

- (a) a responsible party has not complied with remediation requirements at another site; or
- (b) in the case of multiple responsible parties, a contact person has not been designated under subsection (4).
- (7) The Minister may, upon the written request of a responsible party Amending amend a voluntary remediation agreement for the purpose of extending the target completion date if the Minister is satisfied with the reason given for the change of date.

14. (1) The Minister may, subject to subsection (2), terminate a voluntary Terminate voluntary remediation agreement with the responsible party if,

remediation

- (a) there is a change in ownership of the site subject to the agreement: or
- (b) the Minister is satisfied that the responsible party is not in compliance with the voluntary remediation agreement.
- (2) The Minister, or a responsible party, shall, before terminating a Termination of voluntary remediation agreement, give 30 days written notice of agreement termination.

(3) Where a voluntary remediation agreement with multiple Non-compliant responsible parties is in effect and one or more of the responsible parties responsible parties fails to comply with these regulations or with the provisions of the agreement, the Minister may terminate the agreement with respect to the responsible parties who fail to comply, and the agreement may remain valid for the other responsible parties.

(4) If the responsible party who fails to comply is also the contact Contact person fails person for the agreement, the Minister may terminate the entire to comply agreement.

15. A person who complies with a voluntary remediation agreement is Other laws apply not relieved from any obligation to comply with other applicable laws or regulations.

16. The Minister shall not initiate an enforcement action against any Enforcement person in respect of the petroleum hydrocarbons on a site that is

waived during

- (a) the subject of a voluntary remediation agreement; and
  - (b) in the process of remediation in compliance with such agreement.
- **17.** These regulations come into force on November 25, 2006.

Commencement

## **SCHEDULE A Lookup Tables**

TABLE 1: Tier I Risk-Based Concentration Level Table: Soil (mg/kg)

Receptor	Ground-	Soil type	Petroleum Hydrocarbons							
	water use		Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl Benzene	Xylenes		Modified *Tl	PH	
							Gas	Diesel #2	#6 Oil	
Residential	Potable	Coarse- grained	0.03	0.38	0.08	11	39	140	690	
		Fine- grained	0.01	0.08	0.02	2.3	140	220	970	
	Non- Potable	Coarse- grained	0.16	14	58	17	39	140	690	
		Fine- grained	1.5	120	430	160	330	4,400	8,300	
Commercial	Potable	Coarse- grained	0.03	0.38	0.08	11	450	7,400	10,000	
		Fine- grained	0.01	0.08	0.02	2.3	520	840	4,700	
	Non- Potable	Coarse- grained	1.8	160	430	200	450	7,400	10,000	
		Fine- grained	11	680	430	650	10,000	7,700	10,000	

<sup>\*</sup>TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

TABLE 2: Tier I Risk-Based Concentration Level Table: Groundwater (mg/L)  $\,$ 

Receptor	Ground- water use	Soil type	Petroleum Hydrocarbons							
			Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl Benzene	Xylenes		Modified *T	PH	
							Gas	Diesel #2	#6 Oil	
Residential	Potable	Coarse- grained	0.005	0.024	0.0024	0.3	4.4	3.2	7.8	
		Fine- grained	0.005	0.024	0.0024	0.3	4.4	3.2	7.8	
	Non- Potable	Coarse- grained	1	20	20	20	12	20	20	
		Fine- grained	8.9	20	20	20	20	20	20	
Commercial	Potable	Coarse- grained	0.005	0.024	0.0024	0.3	19	15	20	
		Fine- grained	0.005	0.024	0.0024	0.3	19	15	20	
	Non- Potable	Coarse- grained	6.9	20	20	20	20	20	20	
		Fine- grained	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	

<sup>\*</sup>TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

 $TABLE\ 3:\ Tier\ II\ Pathway-Specific\ Concentration\ Level\ Table:\ Soil\ (mg/kg)$ 

Receptor	Ground -water use	water Type	Exposure	Petroleum Hydrocarbons							
			Pathway	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl Benzene	Xylenes		Modified *T	PH	
								Gas	Diesel #2	#6 Oil	
Residential	Potable	Coarse- grained	Indoor Air	0.16	14	58	17	39	140	690	
			**Soil Ingestion	390	12,000	7,000	120,000	8,900	5,300	8,300	
			Soil Leaching	0.031	0.38	0.083	11	680	1,100	8,300	
		Fine- grained	Indoor Air	1.5	120	>430	160	330	4,400	>10,000	
			Soil Ingestion	390	12,000	7,000	120,000	8,900	5,300	8,300	
			Soil Leaching	0.0071	0.082	0.018	2.3	140	220	970	
	Non- Potable	Coarse- grained	Indoor Air	0.16	14	58	17	39	140	690	
			Soil Ingestion	390	12,000	7,000	120,000	8,900	5,300	8,300	
			Soil Leaching			Not applicable	for non-potal	ole scenarios			
		Fine- grained	Indoor Air	1.5	120	>430	160	330	4,400	>10,000	
			Soil Ingestion	390	12,000	7,000	120,000	8,900	5,300	8,300	
			Soil Leaching	Not applicable for non-potable scenarios							
Commercia 1	Potable	Coarse- grained	Indoor Air	1.8	160	>430	200	450	7,400	>10,000	
			Soil Ingestion	570	18,000	10,000	180,000	13,000	7,700	12,000	
			Soil Ingestion	0.031	0.38	0.083	11	2,500	11,000	>10,000	
		Fine- grained	Indoor Air	11	>680	>430	>650	>10,000	>10,000	>10,000	
			Soil Ingestion	570	18,000	10,000	180,000	13,000	7,700	12,000	
			Soil Leaching	0.0071	0.082	0.018	2.3	520	840	4,700	
	Non- Potable	Coarse- grained	Indoor Air	1.8	160	>430	200	450	7,400	>10,000	
			Soil Ingestion	570	18,000	10,000	180,000	13,000	7,700	12,000	
			Soil Leaching			Not applicable	for non-potal	ole scenarios			
		Fine- grained	Indoor Air	11	>680	>430	>650	>10,000	>10,000	>10,000	
			Soil Ingestion	570	18,000	10,000	180,000	13,000	7,700	12,000	

<sup>\*</sup>TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons
\*\*Soil ingestion includes dermal contact but not the inhalation of soil particulate exposure pathway.

TABLE 4:	Tier II	Pathway-S	necific	Concentration 1	Level Table:	Groundwater	(mg/L)

Receptor	Ground-	Soil	Exposure	Petroleum Hydrocarbons						
	water use	type	pathway	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl Benzene	Xylenes	I	Modified *TI	PH
								Gas	Diesel #2	#6 Oil
Residential Potable	Potable	Coarse- grained	Indoor Air	1	40	90	23	12	100	890
			Ingestion	0.005	0.024	0.0024	0.3	4.4	3.2	7.8
		Fine- grained	Indoor Air	8.9	340	>150	200	>20	>20	>20
			Ingestion	0.005	0.024	0.0024	0.3	4.4	3.2	7.8
	Non- potable	Coarse- grained	Indoor Air	1	40	90	23	12	100	890
İ	i î		Ingestion	Not applicable for non-potable scenarios						
		Fine- grained	Indoor Air	8.9	340	>150	200	>20	>20	>20
	İ	ĺ	Ingestion			Not applicable	for non-potab	le scenarios		•
Commercia 1	Potable	Coarse- grained	Indoor Air	6.9	260	>150	140	690	6,000	>20
			Ingestion	0.005	0.024	0.0024	0.3	19	15	73
		Fine- grained	Indoor Air	48	>520	>150	>220	>20	>20	>20
			Ingestion	0.005	0.024	0.0024	0.3	19	15	73
Ì	Non- potable	Coarse- grained	Indoor Air	6.9	260	>150	140	690	6,000	>20
			Ingestion	Not applicable for non-potable scenarios						
		Fine- grained	Indoor Air	48	>520	>150	>220	>20	>20	>20
			Ingestion			Not applicable	for non-potab	le scenarios		

<sup>\*</sup>TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons

## SCHEDULE B **Reference Documentation for Limited Remedial Action**

## 1.0 Soil Sample Testing Requirements for Site Evaluation

- 1.1 Once soil removal from the site is complete, representative soil samples shall be taken ensuring that the mixing of samples from different excavation sidewalls and base does not occur. Representative soil samples shall be collected from all walls and the floor of the excavation.
- 1.2 Where the petroleum hydrocarbons have reached bedrock, a base sample of the overburden soils shall be collected at the bedrock/overburden soil interface in the remedial excavation.
- 1.3 Any anomalous soils shall be identified and sampled.
- 1.4 Sampling protocols, consistent with current industry standards, shall be adhered to.
- 1.5 Soils shall be analyzed at a Canadian Association of Environmental Analytical Laboratories certified lab.
- 1.6 Soils shall be analyzed for Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes (BTEX) and Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) according to Atlantic PIRI Tier I or II analytical methods where there is concern about the presence of petroleum hydrocarbons. Any other chemicals of concern shall be analyzed by a method acceptable to the Minister.

## 2.0 Reporting Requirements for Limited Remedial Action Closure Report

2.1 A closure report shall contain the following information:

## A. Site Plan

A site plan shall include the following:

- (a) a plan drawn to scale;
- (b) the location of property boundaries;(c) property identification numbers for the site and all other properties shown on the plan;
- (d) the locations of human and ecological receptors (i.e., buildings, wells, watercourses, etc.) on the site and adjacent properties; (e) the locations of preferential pathways (i.e., drains, underground lines, etc.);
- (f) the limits of soil excavation;
- (g) all soil sampling locations;
- (g) all soil sampling locations,
  (h) all soil sample results for BTEX, and TPH; and
  (i) the delineation of petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations to applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables.

# **B. Site Description**

A description of the site shall be provided which includes the following:

- (a) the identification of land use activities;(b) a description of the water supply on the site and adjacent properties; and
- (c) the identification of soil types, strata, and depth on the site.

## C. Field Procedures

The following field procedure descriptions shall be included:

- (a) remedial action on the site;(b) all sampling protocols; and
- (c) the disposal method for excavated soils.

### D. Analytical results

Lab certificates for all soil samples shall be included.

### 3.0 Comparison Criteria for Limited Remedial Action

3.1 The following criteria shall be used when comparing soil samples to the Tier I or Tier II lookup table values or the site specific target levels (SSTLs) derived from the RBCA computer model to determine if soil samples are greater or less than the concentrations shown in the applicable lookup tables:

## A. Cleanup Criteria Land Use Selection Consideration

When making a determination of land use for the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables, the site professional shall take into account current and reasonable potential future land use based on the following factors:

- (a) current and proposed zoning for the site;
- (b) land use and planning policies of the government or the municipality in which the site and adjacent sites are situated:
- (c) current site activities; and
- (d) proposed site activities.

### **B.** Cleanup Criteria Groundwater Use Selection Consideration

When making a determination whether the water at the site is potable or non-potable for the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables, the site professional shall take into account the following factors:

- (a) current and proposed uses for groundwater on the site;
- (b) current and proposed groundwater uses of adjacent properties;
- (c) the potential for groundwater to pollute potable groundwater;
  (d) evidence of the degradation of local groundwater quality to a non-potable state;
- (e) whether analytical testing of the local background groundwater quality indicates past human activities have caused degradation of groundwater quality to a nonpotable state.

### C. Cleanup Criteria Selection Consideration

The following are mandatory criteria that must be satisfied before applying the Tier I and Tier II lookup table values:

- (a) non-aqueous phase liquids shall not be present in groundwater;
- (b) potable drinking water shall be free of any objectionable taste and odour;
- (c) soils shall not contain any liquid or free petroleum hydrocarbons;
- (d) residual petroleum hydrocarbons shall not create objectionable odours or explosive conditions in indoor or outdoor air;
- (e) surface soils shall not be stained; and
- (f) the site characteristics and exposure scenarios shall be compatible with the RBCA default values specified in the current RBCA User Guidance document.

## SCHEDULE C RECORD OF SITE CONDITION

RECORD OF SITE CONDITION					
Part 1: Site Information					
Civic Address:					
Current PID Number:					
Current Owner:					
Part 2: List of Environmen	tal Documentation				
A. The following documenta (including peer review r party properties. Please	eports, if any), pertain to	o the site or any other imp			
<b>Document Title</b>	Compar	ny	Date		
Part 3: Tier I, Tier II and S	Site Specific Target Le	vels - Environmental Si	te Criteria		
Petroleum hydrocarbons (e.g. gasoline, lead, waste oil, etc.) that have been identified as originating from the site:					
Gasoline #2 Diese Other (Specify):	l #6 Oil				
Current land use:					
Residential Comme Other (Specify):	rcial				

Drinking water use:	
On-site potable water Non-potable water	
Impacted Soil composition:	
Coarse-grained Fine-grained Bedrock (Specify):	
Analysis Type:	
Tier I	
Tier II Site Specific Target Level Criteria Other (Specify):	
Description of methodology (Investigative and Remedial Options)	:
Limited Remedial Action Environmental Site Assessm	ent
Part 4: Corrective Actions	
Describe the <u>remedial objectives</u> and the <u>basic corrective actions</u> of Remedial Action or the Remedial Action Plan employed for the si	
Describe the current use of the site (buildings, operations, etc.).	
Based on the work completed, the site (cited in Part 1) is suitable	for the following
current or reasonably foreseeable future site activity.  Residential	
Commercial	
If site closure is conditional, list site specific engineered or institut apply to the site together with a description of the objectives of ea	
Don't 5. Common Statement of Site Ducksgring	
Part 5: Summary Statement of Site Professional	
The signature of the site professional on this form indicates the fulf checked statements.	ilment of the
Please check appropriate statements (statements 1, 2 and 6 are made of a large of the large of	
reviewed by the site professional.  2. The site was assessed or remediated in accordance with Prince 1.	Edward Island's
Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations.	
3. Based on the results of the limited remedial action or environmental action of environmental action	
the applicable Tier I, Tier II or site specific target level criteria were n site and therefore, remedial action or site specific engineered or institu	
not required for the current or reasonably foreseeable future site activi	
4. The site has been remediated to a acceptable levels of petroleum	
current or reasonably foreseeable future site activities (as cited in Part <i>closure</i> is recommended.	4) and unconditional
☐ 5. The site requires site specific engineered or institutional control	s to satisfy the current
or reasonably foreseeable future site activities (as cited in Part 4) and	
recommended.  G. This record of site condition form is identical to the one listed in	the Petroleum
Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations or as provided by the PEI Dep	
Environment, Energy and Forestry and the form has not been altered, in the blank spaces as appropriate.	
Company:	Professional Seal Here
Contact Name:	
Address:	
Date:	

# SCHEDULE D REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENTS

## 1.0 Comparison Criteria for Environmental Site Assessment

The following criteria shall be used when comparing confirmatory soil samples with the Tier I or Tier II lookup table values or the site specific target levels derived from the RBCA computer model to determine if soil samples are greater or less than the concentrations shown in the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables:

## 1.1 Cleanup Criteria Land Use Selection Consideration

When making a determination of land use for the applicable concentration levels in the lookup tables, the site professional shall take into account current and reasonable potential future land use based on the following factors:

- (a) current and proposed zoning for the site;
- (b) land use and planning policies of the government or the municipality in which the site and adjacent properties are situated;
- (c) current site activities; and
- (d) proposed site activities.

### 1.2 Cleanup Criteria Groundwater Use Selection Consideration

When making a determination whether the site is potable or non-potable for the applicable levels in the lookup tables, the site professional shall take into account the following

- (a) current and proposed uses for groundwater on the site;
- (b) current and proposed groundwater uses of adjacent properties; (c) the potential for groundwater to pollute potable groundwater;
- (d) evidence of the degradation of local groundwater quality to a non-potable state; and
- (e) whether analytical testing of the local background groundwater quality indicates past human activities have caused degradation of groundwater quality to a non-

## 1.3 Cleanup Criteria Selection Consideration

The following are mandatory criteria that must be satisfied before applying the Tier I and Tier II lookup table values:

- (a) non-aqueous phase liquids are not present in groundwater;
- (b) potable drinking water are free of objectionable taste and odour;
- (c) soils do not contain liquid or free petroleum hydrocarbons;
- (d) residual petroleum hydrocarbons do not create objectionable odours or explosive conditions in indoor or outdoor air;
- (e) surface soils are not stained; and
- (f) the site characteristics and exposure scenarios are compatible with the RBCA default values specified in the current RBCA User Guidance document.

## **SCHEDULE E**

# Form 1

## **Voluntary Remediation Application**

Section 12 of the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations made under the *Environmental Protection Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9, allows the Minister and a Responsible Party to enter into a voluntary remediation agreement.

Personal information on this form is collected under subsection 12(2) of the Environmental Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9 Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations as it relates directly to and is necessary for an application to enter into a voluntary remediation agreement. If you have any questions about this collection of personal information, you may contact the Director of Pollution Prevention Division, 11 Kent Street, Jones Building, Charlottetown, PEI C1A 7N8, Phone: (902) 368-5474.

SECTION 1 - Applicant Contact Informati	ion
Name of Applicant:	
Mailing Address:	
Phone:	Fax:
Email:	
Property Identification Number of Site (PID):	
Location and Address of Site:	
Current Owner:	
Previous Owners in Last 10 Years:	
Land Use History:	
Current Land Use:	
Foreseeable Future Land Use:	

SECTION 2 – Multiple Sites is to include more than one site.	(complete if the proposed Voluntary Remediation Agreement te)
	urty to serve as contact person for the Minister):
	Location:
Address:	
	Location:
Address:	
Property #3 PID:Address:	Location:
Property #4 PID: Address:	Location:
iduress.	
	Location:
Address:	
SECTION 3 – Remedial Acti	DI .
(c) a description of the monitor	ve actions to be taken; used to develop remedial or site management actions;
SECTION 4 – Declaration of	Ability and Intent (all applicants must complete)
I hereby declare that:	110mey and 110me (an approxima mass complete)
(b) the agent of the	I acknowledge that this document is legally binding on me; or applicant and I am fully authorized to make this declaration on nd to acknowledge that this document is legally binding on the
	and am familiar with sections 13 to 17 of the Petroleum gulations made under the <i>Environmental Protection Act</i> .
	onal with the required knowledge and experience to perform the bed in the remedial action plan.
4. I will notify the Department proposed voluntary remediatio	upon becoming aware of any inability to proceed with the n actions.
Date	Signature of Applicant/Agent
	on behalf of
	Company Name

Fax: (902) 368-5830

Please forward application to:
Department of Environment, Energy & Forestry
Pollution Prevention Division, Field Supervisor
PO Box 2000, 11 Kent Street
Charlottetown, PE C1A 7N8

# THIS AGREEMENT made this ------ day of -----, 20--

### BETWEEN

The Government of Prince Edward Island, as represented by the Minister of Environment, Energy and Forestry (hereinafter called the "Minister")

AND

(hereinafter called the "Responsible Party")

## **Voluntary Remediation Agreement**

Form 2

(pursuant to section 12 of the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations)

WHEREAS section 12 of the regulations authorizes the Minister of Environment, Energy and Forestry to enter into a Voluntary Remediation Agreement respecting a site for the purpose remediating petroleum hydrocarbon impacts in the environment related to the site;

AND WHEREAS the Responsible Party has applied to enter into a Voluntary Remediation Agreement with the Minister pursuant to subsection 13(1) of the regulations;

AND WHEREAS the Responsible Party will undertake the remediation, in accordance with the regulations and this agreement, of one or more sites that contain petroleum hydrocarbons;

NOW THEREFORE in consideration of these premises and the mutual covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

#### Definitions

- 1. In this Agreement, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Responsible Party" means
  - (i) the owner of a storage tank system,
  - (ii) the person with the care and control of a storage tank system,
  - (iii) the owner of the site on which a storage tank system is located, or
  - (iv) a person acting on behalf of any person described in subclauses (i) to (iii);
- (b) "regulations" means the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations made under the *Environmental Protection Act*;
- (c) "site" means a site on which a petroleum hydrocarbons are present, whether or not there is a petroleum storage tank system on the site.

## Covenants of the Responsible Party

- 2. The Responsible Party shall
- (a) undertake the remediation of all sites referred to in the application in accordance with
  - (i) the application which is incorporated as part of this Agreement, and
  - (ii) the regulations;
- (b) determine the clean-up criteria for the sites referred to in this Agreement using the current version of the risk based corrective action model;
- (c) complete the site remediation in accordance with the Remedial Action Plan submitted with the application and accepted by the Minister by the following dates:

(d) upon completion of the Remedial Action Plan, submit to the Minister for acceptance a record of site condition and a closure report by the following date:

(e) accept the sole responsibility for compliance with all Federal, Provincial and Municipal laws, regulations and bylaws that may have application to the work being performed under this Agreement.

## Covenants of the Minister

## 3. The Minister:

(a) subject to paragraph (b), shall not initiate an enforcement action, including an administrative or judicial action against a Responsible Party in respect of the petroleum hydrocarbons on a site that is the subject of a voluntary remediation agreement and in the process of remediation in compliance with such agreement;

(b) may take any enforcement action it deems necessary if this Agreement is terminated or rescinded, or if the Responsible Party does not successfully implement the Agreement within the targeted time frames established in paragraph 2(c); and

(c) shall, pursuant to subsection 9(3) of the regulations, provide a written notice to the Responsible Party within four weeks of receiving a closure report and record of site condition indicating the acceptance or rejection of the closure report and record of site condition.

### Termination of Agreement

- 4. This Agreement may be terminated on 30 days written notice to the other party
- (a) by the Minister under subsection 14(1) of the regulations if
  - (i) the ownership of a site referred to in this agreement has changed,(ii) a Responsible Party is not in compliance with, or is in violation of, any of the terms of this Agreement; or
- (b) by the Responsible Party under subsection 14(2) of the regulations.

## Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act

5. The parties agree that any information that may be contained in this Agreement may be subject to release under the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*. The Minister will consult with the Responsible Party prior to release of any information.

#### Indemnification

6. The Responsible Party shall indemnify and hold harmless the Minister, the Government, its agents, representatives and employees from and against all claims, demands, losses, costs, damages, actions, suits or proceedings of every nature and kind whatsoever arising out of or resulting from the performance of work, provided that any such claim is caused in whole or in part by any act, error or omission, including, but not limited to, those of negligence, of the Responsible Party or anyone directly or indirectly employed by the Responsible Party or anyone for whom the Responsible Party may be liable.

#### General

- 7. The application (Voluntary Remediation Application Number) \_\_\_\_\_, attached to this Agreement as schedule A and the remedial action plan submitted with the application and as accepted or modified by the Minister, attached as Schedule B, are incorporated into and form part of this Agreement.
- 8. This Agreement shall enure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and their executors, administrators, successors and assigns.
- 9. This Agreement shall be interpreted and applied in accordance with the laws and in the courts of Prince Edward Island.
- 10. This Agreement expires upon the acceptance by the Minister of the closure report and record of site condition submitted by the Responsible Party pursuant to subsection 2(d) of this Agreement, unless it is sooner terminated or rescinded.

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF** the parties thereto have executed this Agreement as of the day and year above written.

SIGNED SEALED & DELIVERED in the presence of:	) ) )
witness	)
	) ) ) )
witness	) (name of person signing)
	on behalf of (name of Responsible Party)

## **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

# **SECTION 1** is the definition section.

**SECTION 2** provides for the application of these regulations, refers to the lookup tables and provides that of petroleum hydrocarbons are not contaminants if the petroleum hydrocarbons are present at acceptable levels.

**SECTION 3** deals with notification of the Minister regarding the findings of an environmental site assessment.

**SECTION 4** deals with a preliminary determination respecting petroleum hydrocarbons in environmental media at a site.

**SECTION 5** deals with limited remedial action, soil samples, closure reports and acceptance or rejection of the remediation of the site.

**SECTION 6** allows the Minister to take soil samples at a remedial action site and cause a closure report to be completed.

SECTION 7 requires a environmental site assessment to be done by a site professional.

SECTION 8 deals with a closure report, the conditions precluding a closure report and the Minister's acceptance of the remediation of the site or the Minister's requirement that the responsible party repeat the environmental site assessment or perform further remedial action.

SECTION 9 deals with remedial action plans, the Minister's acceptance or rejection of the plan and extension of the target completion date.

**SECTION 10** deals with implementation of a remedial action plan, cleanup of soil and groundwater.

**SECTION 11** deals with monitoring of a site after the remedial action.

**SECTION 12** deals with a closure report and a record of site condition.

**SECTION 13** deals with voluntary remediation agreements.

SECTION 14 deals with termination of a voluntary remediation agreement.

**SECTION 15** provides that compliance with a remediation agreement does not relieve any person from obligations under other laws.

SECTION 16 waives enforcement action while a site is subject to a remediation agreement and the site professional and responsible party are in compliance with such agreement.

**SECTION 17** provides for the commencement of these regulations.

## EC2006-656

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT CONTAMINATED SITES REGISTRY REGULATIONS

Pursuant to section 25 of the Environmental Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-9, Council made the following regulations:

# **1.** In these regulations

Definitions

- (a) "Act" means the Environmental Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Act Cap. E-9;
- (b) "CCME" means the Canadian Council of Ministers of CCME Environment;
- (c) "construction and demolition debris" has the same meaning as construction and the term "C & D debris" as defined in the Environmental Protection demolition debris Act Waste Resource Management Regulations (EC691/00);

(d) "construction and demolition debris disposal site" means a site construction and used for the disposal of construction and demolition debris;

demolition debris disposal site

(e) "inactive landfill facility" means a landfill facility that was in  $_{\text{inactive landfill}}$ operation prior to January 1, 2003, and has not been closed in accordance with a Department approved closure plan;

- (f) "landfill facility" means a facility for the disposal of waste by landfill placing the waste in or on land;
- (g) "lookup tables" means the lookup tables set out in the lookup tables Environmental Protection Act Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations (EC655/06);

(h) "risk assessment" means a scientific examination of the nature risk assessment and magnitude of the risk presented by contaminants in the environment to estimate the effects of the contaminants on humans or ecological receptors due to an existing or potential exposure to such contaminants;

(i) "risk management plan" means actions, including monitoring, risk management designed to prevent or mitigate the level of risk from contaminants plan in the environment to human health or the environment estimated by a risk assessment.

2. The Minister may designate an area of the environment as a Designation as contaminated site after giving notice under subsection 21.1(5) of the Act, contaminated site

- - (i) has a landfill facility that was closed or decommissioned on or after January 1, 2003,
  - (ii) has an inactive landfill facility, or
  - (iii) is an inactive construction and demolition debris disposal site;
- (b) after considering the following standards or criteria, the Minister's opinion is that the area is a contaminated site:
  - (i) the petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations present on or in the area of the environment are equal to or greater than the maximum allowable contaminant concentration for the applicable environmental media specified in lookup tables 1, 2, 3 and 4 in accordance with the Petroleum Hydrocarbon Remediation Regulations,
  - (ii) the concentration of any non-petroleum contaminant present at the area are equal to or greater than the applicable generic numerical limits prescribed in CCME 1996b, "A Protocol for the Derivation of Environmental and Human Health Soil Quality Guidelines" as amended,
  - (iii) a risk assessment report identifies an unacceptable risk with the contaminant concentration present at the area assessed and
    - (A) there is no provision for a risk management plan, acceptable to the Minister, involving land use restoration to ensure that human health or environmental objectives are achieved, or
    - (B) the Minister believes that the risk assessment report provides evidence that contamination of the site represents a significant hazard to human health.
- 3. An employee of the department shall, in a timely manner, enter into Information in the contaminated sites registry each site designated by the Minister under registry section 2 together with the following information:

- (a) the parcel identification number of the site;
- (b) the date of entry of the site into the registry;
- (c) if available, the boundaries of the area of the environment that is contaminated.
- **4.** These regulations come into force on November 25, 2006.

Commencement

## **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

**SECTION 1** is the definition section.

SECTION 2 deals with the designation of a contaminated site by the Minister.

**SECTION 3** specifies the information to be contained in the contaminated sites registry.

**SECTION 4** provides for the commencement of these regulations.

# EXECUTIVE COUNCIL MINISTERIAL RESPONSIBILITY SUBJECT AREAS

The following responsibilities were assigned effective 14 November 2006.

## 1. ACADIAN AND FRANCOPHONE AFFAIRS

Minister of Community and Cultural Affairs

## 2. THE DISABLED

Minister of Social Services and Seniors

## 3. INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

President of the Executive Council

## 4. LABOUR MARKET RESEARCH AND POLICY

Minister of Development and Technology

# 5. MULTICULTURALISM

Minister of Community and Cultural Affairs

# 6. NATIVE AFFAIRS

Attorney General

## 7. SENIORS

Minister of Social Services and Seniors

## 8. STATUS OF WOMEN

Minister of Transportation and Public Works

# 9. TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INTERNET AND BROADCASTING

**Provincial Treasurer** 

Order-in-Council EC2003-536 of 9 October 2003 is hereby rescinded.

# PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND LANDS PROTECTION ACT PROPERTY NO. 130252, LOT 36, QUEENS COUNTY IDENTIFICATION FOR NON-DEVELOPMENT USE **AMENDMENT**

Pursuant to subsection 9(2) of the Prince Edward Island Lands Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. L-5, Council amended the condition of non-development use made pursuant to section 2 of the Land Identification Regulations (EC606/95) in respect of approximately forty-one decimal zero six (41.06) acres of land, being Provincial Property No. 130252 located in Lot 36, Queens County, Prince Edward Island and currently owned by Steele Family Investments Ltd. of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.

Council noted that this amendment will enable subdivision of a right-of-way of approximately three decimal five (3.5) acres, and determined that following subdivision, identification for non-development use shall continue to apply to the remaining land.

This Order-in-Council comes into force on 14 November 2006.

## EC2006-659

# PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND LANDS PROTECTION ACT PROVINCIALLY OWNED LAND AT TIGNISH **EXEMPTION FROM** IDENTIFICATION FOR NON-DEVELOPMENT USE

Pursuant to section 21 of the Prince Edward Island Lands Protection Act R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. L-5 Council determined that, upon transfer to the Community of Tignish Shore, land located in Lot 1, Prince County, Prince Edward Island, being Property No. 733972 and part of Property No. 531970 intended for use as a public park, totalling approximately five decimal seven (5.7) acres, and currently owned by the Government of Prince Edward Island, as represented by the Minister of Transportation and Public Works, NOT be identified for non-development use under the Land Identification Program established by the Prince Edward Island Lands Protection Act Land Identification Regulations (EC606/95).

## EC2006-660

# PROVINCIAL COURT ACT JUSTICE OF THE PEACE **APPOINTMENT**

Under authority of section 14 of the *Provincial Court Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. P-25 Council appointed Wendy Roxane MacKinnon of Kensington in Prince County, Prince Edward Island, as a Justice of the Peace in and for the Town of Kensington, in the Province of Prince Edward Island for a term of five (5) years, effective 24 November 2006.

Further, Council ordered that the appointment of the said Wendy Roxane MacKinnon be limited to matters relating to the Town of Kensington bylaws, and should she cease to be employed with the Town of Kensington, that her appointment as a Justice of the Peace shall terminate coincident with the date her employment terminates.

# PROVINCIAL COURT ACT JUSTICE OF THE PEACE APPOINTMENT

Under authority of section 14 of the *Provincial Court Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. P-25 Council appointed Marilyn B. McKenna of Charlottetown, Queens County, Prince Edward Island, as a Justice of the Peace in and for the Counties of Prince, Queens and Kings in the Province of Prince Edward Island for a term of five (5) years, effective 14 November 2006.

Further, Council ordered that should the said Marilyn B. McKenna cease to be employed in her present capacity in the Provincial Court, that her appointment as a Justice of the Peace shall terminate coincident with the date her employment terminates.